

**United Christian Church
Bible Study Leviticus
Reading/Study/Lecture Guide**

Reading Outline for the Book of Leviticus

1. Introduction to Leviticus
 - Purpose and themes of the book
 - Authorship and date
 - Leviticus in the context of the Pentateuch

2. The Five Main Sacrifices (Leviticus 1-7)
 - Burnt Offering (Lev. 1)
 - Grain Offering (Lev. 2)
 - Peace Offering (Lev. 3)
 - Sin Offering (Lev. 4-5)
 - Guilt Offering (Lev. 6-7)

3. The Priesthood (Leviticus 8-10)
 - Consecration of Aaron and His Sons (Lev. 8)
 - The First Priestly Duties (Lev. 9)
 - The Sin of Nadab and Abihu (Lev. 10)

4. Clean and Unclean Laws (Leviticus 11-15)
 - Dietary Laws (Lev. 11)
 - Purification After Childbirth (Lev. 12)
 - Laws Concerning Skin Diseases (Lev. 13)
 - Cleansing From Skin Diseases (Lev. 14)
 - Laws Concerning Bodily Discharges (Lev. 15)

5. The Day of Atonement (Leviticus 16)
 - The Scapegoat Ritual (Lev. 16)

6. Holiness Code (Leviticus 17-27)
 - Prohibitions and Prescriptions for Holy Living (Lev. 17-22)
 - The Annual Feasts (Lev. 23)
 - The Sabbath Year and Year of Jubilee (Lev. 25)
 - Blessings and Curses (Lev. 26)
 - Laws on Vows (Lev. 27)

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Worksheet for Leviticus

1. The Book of Leviticus is the _____ book of the Bible.
2. Leviticus primarily deals with the topics of _____, _____, and _____.
3. The burnt offering was completely _____ as a sacrifice to God.
4. A _____ offering was a sweet aroma to the Lord made from fine flour.
5. The peace offering in Leviticus symbolizes _____ between God and the offerer.
6. Sin offerings were necessary for unintentional _____ against God's commandments.
7. A guilt offering was required when someone was _____ for sin.
8. Aaron and his sons were consecrated as priests for _____ days.
9. Nadab and Abihu were killed because they offered _____ fire before the Lord.
10. The dietary laws in Leviticus declared certain animals _____ and _____.
11. After giving birth, a woman had to wait a certain number of days before being _____.
12. _____ is a skin disease that made one unclean in Israel.
13. One of the rituals for cleansing from skin diseases involved two _____.
14. Bodily discharges rendered an individual _____ until evening.
15. The Day of Atonement is also known in Hebrew as _____.

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16. On the Day of Atonement, the high priest entered the Holy of Holies _____ a year.
17. The scapegoat was sent into the wilderness carrying the _____ of the people.
18. It is forbidden to _____ blood in Leviticus 17.
19. Priests must not defile themselves by coming near a _____ person.
20. The Feasts of the Lord include Passover, Unleavened Bread, First Fruits, Weeks (Pentecost), Trumpets, Day of Atonement, and _____.
21. The _____ year was to be a time of rest for the land and for the people.
22. The Year of _____ involved the release of all debts and the return of property to original families.
23. If the Israelites obeyed God's laws, they would receive _____ as outlined in Leviticus 26.
24. Breaking God's covenant would result in _____, also described in Leviticus 26.
25. Vows made to the Lord had to be fulfilled according to Leviticus _____.